

# The Daily Republican.

DECATUR, ILLINOIS, MONDAY, JULY 30, 1894.

10 CENTS PER WEEK

VOL. XXII. NO. 102.

DECATUR, ILLINOIS, MONDAY, JULY 30, 1894.

## Race Clothing Mfg. Co.



### Big Reductions IN SUMMER WEAR IN ALL DEPARTMENTS.

We have a few of those \$10.00 Suits left, worth \$15.00. No such goods found elsewhere.

Boys' Knee Pants 25c, 50c, 75c and \$1.00. Hummers for the prices.



Pants Made to Order for \$5.00 and 6.00 that are  
World Beaters.

**Race Clothing M'f'g Co.,**  
129--135 North Water Street.

For Breakfast,

The Flour  
That  
Always  
Makes  
The Most  
And Best  
Bread.

For Dinner,

For Supper,

**Use White Foam.**

Manufactured by the Springfield Milling Co.,  
Decatur, Ill.

**Mid-Summer  
Sale.**

Owing to the stringency in the money market we  
have been able for SPOT CASH to FILL OUR HOUSE  
with goods of the latest styles for less than cost to manufacture them, and we pro-  
pose to sell these goods regardless of value. We can sell you goods for less than  
our competitors can buy them. Look elsewhere and no matter at what price  
goods are offered you, come and compare our prices and we will sell you. Space  
will not permit our quoting prices upon our immense stock. Here are a few prices  
that will convince you of our money business: Dining Chairs from \$2.00 per set  
up; Square Extension Table, \$3.50; Rockers, 75c; Center Table, 75c; Solid Oak  
Sideboard, bevel edge glass, \$10.50. See our \$2000 sideboard, worth \$27.50; Bed-  
room Suite, \$7.50 up. Sweeping reduction upon our entire line of fine goods. All  
goods sold for cash or easy payment. Upholstering to order.

**BACHMAN BROTHERS & MARTIN COMPANY,**  
240, 244, 248 East Main Street.

### THE WAR IN COREA.

No New Developments in the Situation Recorded.

### MEDIATION BY THE UNITED STATES,

For Which the European Governments  
Are Making Efforts, Not Likely to  
be Sought—Compromise No  
Longer Possible.

LONDON, July 30.—The Central News has this dispatch from Shang-Hai: "The Chinese war ship Tsoo-Khan, which was captured by a Japanese war ship off the coast of Round Island, is a vessel of an obsolete model. Although completely out-matched by the Japanese cruiser, the troop ship offered some resistance and lost fully 100 men, killed and wounded, before she yielded. She was entirely disabled when the Japanese boarded her."

The Japanese Kow-Shung tried to get away as soon as the Japanese war ship began their attack, and made only a weak running fight. The Japanese guns swept her decks and carried off the Chinese soldiers by the score. The latest estimate of the number aboard her is 1,700. Only forty survived the founding of the ship. They say that all her officers were killed before she went down.

"The announcement that the rest of the Chinese transports arrived safely at Corea and landed their men is confirmed. On the 27th the Japanese fuddled heavily those who had landed on the 26th at Yachan. The Japanese officers hoped thus to prevent the junction of the Chinese with the Koreans near Seoul. Whether they accomplished their object is not known."

"No news of the hostilities can be obtained from Pekin. Code messages are refused at the telegraph office, and no other message referring to current affairs are accepted. The outlying battalions of the northern army are concentrating rapidly at Taku, the rendezvous from which the regiments are embarked for Corea."

"The work of preparing harbor defenses here advances rapidly. Torpedoes are being laid in the North channel at the entrance of the Yang-tse-Kiang. Great quantities of ammunition have been purchased by the government and are being collected at the ports for shipment. The exportation of rice and grain has been prohibited. Trade is paralyzed. The coasting steamers and small craft are afraid to leave the harbors. While everything looks and sounds like war, the Chinese officials continue to maintain that war has not been declared."

The Central News says that in official circles here there is a strong feeling in favor of mediation on the part of the United States, although few believe that Japan and China would accept arbitration unless under considerable pressure.

### NO NEW DEVELOPMENTS

In the Situation Between China and Japan  
as Seen from This End of the Line.

WASHINGTON, July 29.—There have been no new developments to-day in the situation between China and Japan at this end of the line. The efforts of the European governments to secure the consent of the belligerent powers to accept mediation by the United States, so far as can be learned, have not been attended with success. Neither the Chinese nor the Japanese legation in this city has received any information with respect to the matter, and the impression prevails here, as in Europe, that compromise is no longer possible. While it is understood that the good offices of the United States would be most gladly exercised, no advices have been received by the authorities here to indicate that China and Japan will invoke them.

At the Japanese legation Minister Tateno said the only advice he had received from his government to-day notified him of the fact that communication between Corea and Japan had been interrupted and that there was no news to communicate to him. The minister said he had hoped the difficulties between his country and China might be arbitrated without resort to hostilities, but the condition of affairs was such that he did not feel able to express an opinion as to the outcome.

A gentleman who is familiar with the condition of things, as viewed from the Chinese standpoint said that there was nothing to add to the reports already published, as coming from the Chinese legation. It was impossible to-night to learn anything direct from the officials of the legations themselves.

Secretary Herbert stated to-night that the navy department was in receipt of no additional information from the officers on duty in the Chinese station. The last news that had been received at the department was the dispatch from the commander of the Baltic more announcing the capture of the king of Corea by the Japanese troops. The secretary said the fact that nothing further had been received was probably due to the disturbed condition of the ordinary channels of communication, the telegraph and cable lines being more or less seriously interrupted.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder  
VITALIZER.

Life is vigorous and athletic. The Vitalizer prevents over-exertion, unusual fatigue and extreme excitement from weakening the nerves and curing all nerve disorders like Prostration, Debility, Sleeplessness, Headache etc.

PRICE, \$1.00 A BOTTLE

Inquire of druggists for free sample.

If not found, write us enclosing five cents (stamps) for postage. The doctor gives free advice to any nerve disease suffered. All welcome.

We offer \$1.00 a bottle to any physician or  
dentist who can show by written certificate  
recently containing a prescription for  
any disease.

Dr. J. W. Brent Co.

ALBANY, N.Y.

Ans Day St., New York

Sold by G. H. Dwan.

## TO REDUCE OUR STOCK OF Summer Clothing

We Offer this Inducement:

With every cash purchase of \$1.00 or more  
made of us between now and August 15, 1894,  
we will give you one guess at the number of  
nuts contained in the globe in our window.

To the boy under 15 years of age guessing nearest to  
the number, we will give a fine Pneumatic Tire  
Bicycle bought of Dodd, Sanner & Co.

To the person over 15 years of age guessing nearest  
the number we will give a fine 28-inch, tangent  
spokes, Pneumatic Tire Bicycle bought of Dodd,  
Sanner & Co.

These Bicycles are on exhibition in our window.  
Come and see them and then come inside and make your guess. With every purchase  
of \$1.00 or more you are entitled to a  
guess.

**B. STINE  
Clothing Co.**

**'They're Off!'**

**The Best Meeting Yet.**

Elegant Track!

Fast Horses!

Exciting Races!

Bicycle Races!

**August 21, 22, 23 and 24.**

**Four Days of Sport.**

**Some of the Best Racing Blood of  
the Season Will Be Here.**

Arrange Your Business So You Can Attend.

THE CHURCHES TO-MORROW

MEETING PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,  
W. H. Hall, pastor. Services in W.  
Hall Sunday school at 9:30 a.m.  
Adult school at 10:30 a.m. Union  
service at 6:45 p.m. No evening  
service.

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,  
Rev. W. J. Simpson, Sup't.  
Sunday school at 10:30 a.m. Union  
service at 6:45 p.m.

WESTMINSTER CHURCH, Haworth avenue,  
Rev. E. J. Simpson, Sup't.  
Sunday school at 10:30 a.m.

CHRISTIAN CHURCH,  
Rev. W. G. Wells, Sup't.  
Sunday school at 10:30 a.m.

GRANARY M. E. CHURCH, East North  
Streets, Rev. W. J. Jackson, pastor. Class meeting at  
10:30 a.m.; preaching at 10:30 a.m.; Sunday  
school at 10:30 a.m.; Albert Witteman, Sup't.

CHRISTIAN CHURCH,  
Rev. W. G. Wells, Sup't.  
Sunday school at 10:30 a.m.

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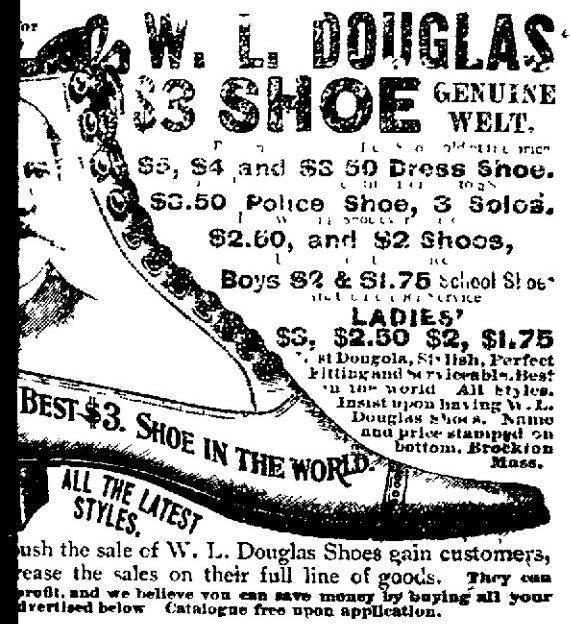
**COST.**  
eboards.

Largest and most complete line in the city.

**L PRICES**  
Bed Room Suits this week.

**W. Scovill,**

13 and 215 South Side City Park,  
House Furnishers - C Z Payments.



use the sale of W. L. Douglas Shoes gain customers, cease the sales on their full line of goods. They can afford, and we believe you can save money by buying all your diversified below. Catalogue free upon application.

**y H. W. Waggoner & Co.**

**Want Good Bread**

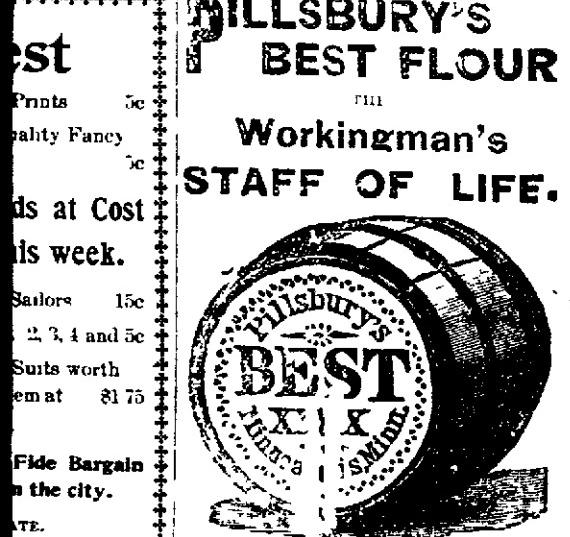
ways ask your dealer for

"White Bread"

BRANDS OF FLOUR.  
in the market. EVERY SACK GUARANTEED.

FOR SALE BY ALL GROCERS

**ATFIELD MILLING CO., Decatur, Ill.**



Pillsbury's Divide Their Profits  
With their Workingmen.  
**FOR SALE BY ALL GROCERS.**  
**HORACE CLARK & SONS, Genl. Agts.**

**LEADS THE WORLD.**  
**Libbey's AMERICAN CUT GLASS.**  
Highest Award World's Fair.

If you want the  
finest quality cut  
glass, buy goods  
having this trade  
mark.  
**CURTIS & BRO.**  
Agents for Libbey  
CUT GLASS.

**I. D. STINE, ARCHITECT.**  
**SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.**

And re-pairs for preliminary sketches. Office  
Column P. O. Block, N. Main St., Decatur, Ill.  
Cottage Mutual Telephone, No. 821. July 17-18.

# Ottenheimer & Co. OUR GREAT Slaughter Sale

of Fine Men's and Boys' Clothing to Reduce Our Big Stock.

## We are Again Slaughtering Prices.

**All of Our Light Weight Suits.**--Take choice of any suit in Sack, Frock, Double Breasted Sack or Prince Albert, on our tables sold at \$20.00, 18.00, 16.50, 16.00 or 15.00 . . . . . at \$13.95

New Stylish Long Cut Sacks and Frocks, Extra Sizes or Stout.

**TAKE CHOICE** of any suit on our tables that sold at \$14.00, 13.00, 12.00  
11.00 or 10 . . . . . at \$8.95

**All Goods Mark!** Plain Figures--A Safeguard to Purchasers of Clothing.

Choice of our \$5.00 and 6.00 Pants at \$3.95.

Choice of our \$3.50 and 4.00 Pants at 2.80.

Choice of our \$2.50 and 2.00 Pants at 1.75.

**BOYS' CLOTHES.**--Every suit greatly reduced in price. Our entire stock of Knee Pants Suits, ages 4 to 14. All of our Long Pants Suits, ages 12 to 18. **SAVE MONEY.** Buy Boys' Clothes Now.

Goods Sold for Cash Only.

## Ottenheimer & Co.,

MASONIC TEMPLE.



**S. H. SWAIN**,  
Veterinary Surgeon,  
127 South Franklin St., Decatur, Ill.  
Residence, 26 West Decatur St.  
TELEPHONE Office 41, Residence, 420.

**REIDS**  
German  
COUGH  
AND  
KIDNEY CURE.  
IT CURES  
CROUP.  
CONTAINS NO PE  
Reid's German E  
Constipation and I  
Sylvan Gum puri  
feats.

**PATENTS**  
We, and Trade Marks obtained, and all business conducted for MODERATE FEES.  
Our Office is OPPOSITE U. S. PATENT OFFICE.  
We can secure patent in less time than those sent from Washington.  
We advise, if it is patentable or not, free of charge. Our fee is due till patent is secured.  
PAMPHLET, "How to Obtain Patents," with U. S. and Foreign countries, free.  
Address: **A. SNOW & CO.**  
Opp. PATENT OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C.

**LOOD POISON**  
A new remedy for skin diseases, especially for warts, corns, etc. It is made from a magic remedy, under guarantee, backed by \$50,000 capital. Postage paid and 100 pieces sent free. Send for sample. Price \$1.00 per bottle. It cures corns, warts, etc. Magic Remedy will cure.

**COOK REMEDY CO., CHICAGO, ILL.**  
DOGE, FRAZEE & CO. GRAIN, PROVISIONS, and CLOTHING, Chicago & New York. 315 RIALTO, CHICAGO. CORN EXCHANGE BANK. Market Letter Five.

## Reduction Sale!

Having purchased the interest in our business of Mr. Webb, I want to reduce stock, so have concluded to commence a Reduction Sale. Prices will be no object on all SUMMER GOODS. They must be sold for what they will bring. Will not try to quote prices.

Every article marked in **Plain Figures.**

**Sale Commences Monday Morning.**

**H. C. ANTHONY,**  
Successor to Anthony & Webb.  
135 EAST MAIN STREET, DECATUR, ILL.

## Mantels AND Grates.

## Gilt Edge Furnaces.

**C. L. GRISWOLD & CO.**

**DAILY REPUBLICAN**

**Old Wheat Flour**

**Makes the Best Bread.**

**No New Wheat in Pillsbury's  
Best Flour.**

**BUY THE BEST.**

**CLOYD,**

The People's Grocer.

**144 EAST MAIN STREET.**

**MONDAY, JULY 30, 1894.**

### LOCAL NEWS.

**DENZ & SON, TAILORS.**

The Dutchman has come to stay. 1m SMOKE the Dutchman cigar. July 16-dlm Boys, read the B. Stine Clothing Co. Ad.

REGULAR meeting of the city council to-night.

CUSANOLA, the favorite five cent cigar, at Irwin's drug store.

SMOKE the Joe Michel cigars—the Little Rose and Bouquet.

JOHN OWEN is on duty as a special policeman at Oakland Park.

CREAM PIES, 15c, at Co-Operative Woman's Exchange.

Ask for the Dutchman cigar; take no other. July 16-dlm

ABOUT 600 strangers came to Decatur Sunday on the excursion trains.

HEADACHES can be cured by Irwin's Harness Powders.

USE WHITE LOAF FLOUR

The annual reunion of the 126th Illinois regiment will be held at Bethany on August 15 and 16.

Get your guess in at the B. Stine Clothing Co.

APPLE PIES, 15c, at Co-Operative Woman's Exchange.

HELEN GOOGAR will be one of the speakers at the camp meeting next Saturday and Sunday.

SMOKES the old reliable K. & W. cigar. Mar 25-dlm

TELEPHONE 198 and get groceries at Philip Kemper's handy store, 157 North Water street, delivered to any part of the city.

LADIES \$3.00 Tan Shoes for \$1.50 at Freeman Bros., 114 Merchant street. July 30dlw

This is Equal Suffrage day at the camp meeting and the motto is "Make the World Better." Wednesday will be W. C. T. U. day.

Don't fail to read B. Stine Clothing Co.'s Ad.

Go to Henry Bros.' bakery for all kinds of cakes, pies, etc. Sept 20-dlm

To day the H. H. Brown Manufacturing company made a long distance shipment of their famous dehorner. The shipment goes to Christ Church, a city of 20,000 inhabitants in New Zealand.

THE REPUBLICAN senatorial convention for the 1st district will be held at the court house in Decatur next Friday, August 3. It will be called to order at 11 a. m. with fifteen delegates from Macon county; ten from Christian and four from Moultrie.

THE BUYERS' and MERCHANTS' Benefit Bureau saves you 4 per cent on your entire living expenses. Call upon the manager L. Chodat and learn how. Dec 6-dlm

DELL HARRIS came over from Champaign Sunday to take in the Prohibition camp meeting. He met many friends while here. Dell is doing a good business in the confectionary line and thinks Champaign is the best town. Z. W. Harris will visit Decatur next Sunday.

MRS. LUCY C. MILLER, Bingham, Mich., writes makers of Dr. Wheeler's Nerve Vitalizer: "I needed help if any poor mortal ever needed it." Many others need help for their nerves. Call on us. C. H. Dawson.

THE ILLINOIS CENTRAL has issued a circular to all its employees, thanking them for their action in standing by the road during the strike. The circular declares that, with few exceptions, the men performed their duties during the strike in a manner which merits the highest praise.

THE SPENCER & LEHMAN company have the exclusive agency for the celebrated Wagon company's surreys, also the Kenney Buggy company's full line of buggies, road wagons, etc., carriage in hand. Prices cheap and work guaranteed. Feb 6-dlm

Mrs. JAMES: W. H. Torrence yesterday purchased the Lewis Hedges farm in Florida Creek township, five and one-half miles east of this city and one mile west. It is one of the best improvements in that community, and the price was \$30 per acre. Mr. Hedges has decided yet where he will locate, but will probably rent a farm in central Illinois.

THIS COMES AFTER WOVEN GLASS. A new dress fabric made of "peafiber" is in contemplation, and the possibility of using aluminum for making drapery goods is thought to be very practical, since it can be drawn into wires finer than a hair, and yet so fine and supple that they can be woven with silk. It has already been used for silk bows.

Dr. PRYOR'S Patent Heating Powder Manufactured Made.

### DISTRESSING ACCIDENT.

**A Boy Falls Into An Open Well  
and Meets His Death  
—The Inquest.**

A distressing accident occurred Saturday last near the ravine on a line with Carroll street, south of the Jackson street school house in the Fourth Ward, by which Charles A. Schall, aged 10 years, son of Mrs. Joseph Grindol, met his death. The Grindol family resides at 74 South Colfax street, not far from the old well. Mrs. Grindol is quite sick and she was alone with her son, Charles, Saturday forenoon, when he told his mother he would go out with his rubber slingshot and kill a bird or two for her. That was the last seen of the boy alive. He did not return all afternoon, and when night came Mrs. Grindol, who was nearly distracted with anxiety, managed to get word to the neighbors and search was instituted, resulting in the finding of the lifeless body of the lad in an old abandoned well, 20 feet deep, on a lot belonging to the Dr. J. N. Bills estate. W. H. Jimison, Joe Mann and Tom Reardon formed the searching party. Jimison knew of the well and that it was unprotected and dangerous. A torch was secured and poked down into the well, but the "black damp" was so strong that the light was blown out instantly. There is no water in the well, only trash and brush. The searchers felt certain that the boy had fallen into the well, and by using grappling hooks at the second attempt the body of the boy was pulled out of the deep hole. There was no evidence of violence apparent, and the accepted theory was that Charley, while walking backwards, looking up into the trees for a bird, fell into the well. Coroner Bendure was summoned and the body was taken to the home of Joe Grindol. Later the body was removed to the Grindol residence where the inquest was held Sunday forenoon. This was the verdict.

When order has been restored the bills will begin to come into Chicago, and Hopkins, Altgeld & Co. will not be forgotten.

### ILLINOIS COAL INDUSTRY.

Official Statistics Gathered by the State Labor Bureau.

An interesting collection of figures on the coal industry of Illinois is presented in the twelfth annual report of the State Bureau of Labor Statistics, just published. The work shows that there are fifty-six counties in the state in which coal is mined, and that during the year 19,949,504 tons were taken out, the home value of this product being \$17,827,593. There were 1,755,211 tons taken out by hand and 4,729,748 tons by machine. To do this required the services of 36,490 men. During the operation 353,772 kegs of powder were used, sixty-nine men killed, thirty-two wives made widows and one hundred and six children made fatherless. During the year seventy new mines were opened and old ones reopened, and one hundred and twenty miles closed or abandoned. The report shows that machine mining is on the increase, this year's output exceeding last by 830,500 tons.

### A Dear Job for Chicago

Chicago will pay dearly for the friendliness of her authorities towards Debs and his followers. The Illinois State legislature in 1887 passed an act, the first section of which reads as follows:

Whenever any building, or real or personal property, except property in transit, shall be destroyed or injured in consequence of any mob or riot composed of twelve or more persons, the city, or if not in a city, then the county in which such property was destroyed shall be liable to an action b) or in case of half of the party whose property was thus destroyed or injured, for three-fourths of the damages sustained by reason thereof.

When order has been restored the bills will begin to come into Chicago, and Hopkins, Altgeld & Co. will not be forgotten.

### At a Cost of \$3,000.

The Decatur Brewing Co. has just added to its refrigerating capacity a new ice machine with a refrigerating capacity equal to the temperature represented by the melting of twenty-five tons of ice per day. This in addition to the ten ton refrigerating capacity which the brewery formerly had will enable the company to cool beer more promptly in the process of manufacture. This improvement represents an expenditure of about \$3,000.

### Money! Money!! Money!!!

We have plenty of money to loan, in large or small amounts, on all classes of security--chattels, real estate, collateral notes or individual security. Money advanced on furniture, live stock, second mortgages on real estate, cattle, hogs and growing crops, also on watches, diamonds, jewelry and loan association stock. Apply to Albert T. Summers, loan broker and private banker, 145 North Water street, over Abel's carpet store.

A. M. CHADDICK, who was recently appointed postmaster at Shelbyville and has received his commission, has concluded that he does not want the government job. He has too much other business on hand. Besides being county treasurer he has taken the management of the Star Mills. He has sent in his resignation as postmaster. Now Capt. H. L. Hart, W. A. Trower, Geo. W. Keefer and H. M. Embry are candidates for postmaster.

### Wanted Horses.

We want some good driving horses in exchange for city property. Want two or three matched teams. Also want work horses of all sizes and ages. Will take same in trade for fine vacant lots in improved property. Apply to W. Z. Walmsley, real estate agent, over Chez Charley's store.

### To Make Pulled Bread.

Tear the crust from a loaf of baker's bread. Now tear the crust of the loaf into long, thin pieces. Spread the torn bread in a pan and put in a hot oven to become brown and crisp. It will take about fifteen minutes. Serve hot with cheese. Pulled bread is also nice with chocolate or coffee.

### Delicious Peach-Ice.

One quart of sliced ripe peaches, one and one-half gills of sugar, one and one-half pint of water. Boil the sugar and water until the syrup is reduced to one pint. Wash the peaches fine and rub through strainer. Add the syrup to the strained fruit and freeze.

### Chinese Instead of Japanese.

A new fad of society, women is a Chinese corner in the drawing room or library. In it stands a cabinet of carved teakwood, holding all kinds of Chinese curios. Over it hangs curious pictures and beside it is a Canton screen, and beside it is a Tibetan divan flanked the whole

### For Souvenir Spoons

A novel design for a spoon is made from a silver dollar. The central portion is pressed down to form a shallow bowl and yet retains the circular shape of the dollar. To this bowl is attached a fancy handle.

Baobars every day in the week at the C. B. Prescott music house. See the celebrated Haines' upright piano and Packard organs.

### Go to the Spencer & Lehman company

# Daily Republican



MONDAY, JULY 30, 1894.

## TO HIS NAME.

All These Things Reflect Much Credit.

"Render Unto Caesar the Things Which are Caesar's."—A Word in Place His Due.

Galesburg Daily Mail.

There are rare moments in the life of a newspaper man that are attended with pleasure. One of these is when he sees a dollar coming his way, and this kind of joy he seldom experiences. But there is another pleasure that comes to him in his work and that lies in being able to commend to the world good work well done by whomsoever it happens to be.

In these degenerate days this joy, too, is but seldom allotted him in any distinguished sense, and he seizes an opportunity along this line with eager avidity. Such a one is now afforded *The Mail* in commanding the wonderful work that the great eye and ear specialist, Dr. W. O. Coffee, has accomplished in our city and county during the past two months.

Dr. Coffee came here from Rock Island during the latter part of May, flushed with victories won in many a hard fought scientific battle in this city. We read of his phenomenal success, but believed it impossible and sailed incredulously when it was called to notice. The courteous manner and quiet business-like way of the doctor, however, commanded the respect of attention at once, and we awaited the result of his visit with anxious interest.

Dr. Coffee began "sawing wood" at once, and his wonderful cures soon attracted widespread attention. His waiting and operating rooms in the Union hotel were crowded, and the corridors all day long were filled with the suffering hundreds looking for relief in the magic of his skill and science. For six long weeks he labored faithfully at his post, and finding that he must have rest, took a two weeks' vacation in his southern home. Returning, he established himself at Brown's hotel, where the crowds that waited on him could be better cared for, and there for three weeks past he has continued his remarkable series of operations with uniform and gratifying success.

Through his cross-eyes have been straightened, blind eyes given sight, the dumb and deaf restored their wandering powers, and all sorts of other cures of greater or less importance made in never ending succession.

The presence of such a man in the community could not but have a marked influence, and Dr. Coffee has been a center of interest ever since he came. He has made many friends who will regret greatly to see him leave, as he goes to new fields of usefulness. In his work Dr. Coffee is most charitably inclined and has blessed many sufferers here at little or no cost. This fact has of itself been a prominent factor in his popularity, but his skill as a specialist, and his personal character has given him a wide-spread prestige throughout the community. It gives us pleasure to wish Dr. Coffee undiminished success wherever he goes, and we congratulate whatever city he visits.

## Sale of Real Estate.

W. J. Pegram to G. M. Moore, lot 14 in block A in Stapp's subdivision of Carter's addition to Decatur—\$1000.

Adam Scott to Sarah B. Lee, a lot 60x171½ in the southeast corner of the northeast quarter of the northeast quarter of 10, 11, 2 east—\$1.

William Flory to Mary E. Falconer, quit claim to tract of land in 24, 10, 2 east—\$100.

J. H. Culver to Frank Reinhardt, deed to lot 3, block 2, Wessel's addition; also 10 feet in width on the east side of lot 3, in said block—\$1000.

Adam Scott to Sarah B. Lee, quit claim to tract in 10, 10, 2 east—\$100.

J. W. Cannon to J. H. Culver, deed to lot 3, block 2, Wessel's addition; also 10 feet of the east side of lot 4, in said block—\$2500.

W. H. Penninger to Bertram Jamison, deed to lot in block 5, May Bros. & Traver's subdivision—\$1000.

## MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

CHICAGO, Ill., July 30, 1894.

THE REPUBLICAN is indebted to B. Z. Taylor, in Chicago, for grain and stocks, and to correspondents in Chicago, New York, Minneapolis and St. Louis, for the following market quotations:

WHEAT CLOSE.

July wheat, \$1.00; Sept., \$1.05; Dec., \$1.07.

CORN CLOSE.

July, 45¢; Sept., 45¢; Oct., 45¢.

OATS CLOSE.

July, 31; Aug., 29¢; Sept., 30¢; May, 34¢.

RAPESEEDS CLOSE.

Fork—July, \$1.00; Sept., \$1.05.

Lard—July, \$0.50; Sept., \$0.55.

Rib—July, \$0.70; Sept., \$0.75.

NO DAY'S RECEIPTS—CORN LOTS.

Wheat—\$1.02. Estimated, \$1.05. Last year, 100.

Corn—\$1.07. Estimated, \$1.05. Last year, 100.

Oats—\$1.05. Estimated, \$1.05. Last year, 100.

RAPESEEDS FOR TO-MORROW.

Wheat, \$0.50; Corn, 75¢; Oats, 30¢; hops, 25¢.

LIVERPOOL, 1 p. m.—Spot wheat steady and futures bid higher. Maize, spot firm.

Receipts were large at Minneapolis and Duluth, as compared to last year, as well as at Chicago.

Cattle receipts, \$0.00; market show.

Hog receipts, \$0.00; market show.

Market 10¢ to 10¢ lower. Live stock markets are extraordinary; largest receipts of hogs ever known—\$4,000. Never before did 7,000 head of live stock arrive in Chicago in one day.

Estimated for to-morrow, \$2,000.

## TALK AT THE BIG TENT.

Thousands of People at the Prohibition Camp-Meeting on Sunday.

Excursionists Come from a Distance to Hear the Speakers and the Singing Equal Suffrage Day.

The rain of Saturday night and the threatening state of the weather early Sunday morning served to interfere somewhat with the attendance at the National Prohibition Camp-meeting. Nevertheless the attendance all day was quite satisfactory, and those who were at the big tent were well entertained by the talk and singing. Visitors were present from Bloomington, Effingham, Champaign, Pana, Forrest and Litchfield.

The tent was filled in the forenoon when Rev. Gideon P. Macklin, of Ohio, gave a gospel temperance sermon in which he touched on religion in business and discussed the labor question. He said that every man should apply his religion to his business, and he emphasized the point that the liquor traffic, with heartless capital served to keep labor in a condition of slavery. Labor, he said, is at the mercy of these two evils—the liquor business and heartless capital. In case of strike trouble both will let labor starve until the strikers, who, because of their poverty and utter helplessness, are compelled to resume work. In Chicago in the stock yards district there are 400 organized saloons. They are organized with capital to oppress labor, and they succeed. It is the duty of every Christian to take a personal interest in politics, for the liquor traffic is endangering the foundations of the government.

In the afternoon there was another big crowd present, filling the tent, with many standing up on the outside. There was the usual song service by the Bement Warblers and the choir, with several pleasing solos by Miss Neal Hawley. Manager Smith announced the attractions for the week, stating that Mrs. Helen Gougar will be at the camp Saturday and Sunday.

Mrs. Daisy H. Carlock, of Kentucky, gave a general address on temperance which commanded undivided attention and was enthusiastically approved.

Rolla Kirk Bryan, the Michigan "chalk talker," demonstrated his skill with the crayon by making a number of pictures which brought home better than words the influence of the rum power and the baleful effects of liquor drinking. Mr. Bryan, in connection with his illuminated illustrations, gave a lecture on the various points treated upon.

Sunday evening Rev. Macklin gave an address which was heard by a large audience.

The meeting at Oakland park this morning was something unusual in point of attendance and interest. It is generally understood that Monday meetings are the lightest of the week, but the pavilion was well filled at the 9:30 meeting. Col. Holt was in charge, and Rolla Kirk Bryan delighted the children with his chalk talk. Miss Hawkins gave some solo. At the close there was a fine military drill, nearly 200 children participating.

This is Equal Suffrage day. The headquarters of that organization is profusely decorated with sunflowers and the platform with flags, conspicuous among them one with two stars representing Colorado and Wyoming. The floral decorations are also fine.

At 11 o'clock free parliament for suffrage day was opened with song followed by a number of speeches. Mrs. J. G. Shea, of Danville, called attention to the fact that the first public announcement that women could vote for trustees of the university was made from this platform by Miss Effie Henderson, of Bloomington, which put the ball rolling in this states. Mrs. Isabella Stafford, of Decatur, followed with a short talk.

T. M. Hobart, an equal suffragist for forty years, said that it is necessary to make the men believe that the women wish to vote, and convince the women that the men are willing that they should vote. He suggested that a petition signed by women asking for equal suffrage and the names of the men who are willing they should vote should be circulated and sent to the legislature.

Mrs. H. Martin of Bement said a few words.

Miss Mary V. Cole, of Eckstein's Norton University, of Cave Spring, Ky., made a neat speech.

Took altogether it was the best morning meeting ever held on the ground.

This afternoon there will be speaking by Mrs. Rena Michael Atchison, Rolla Kirk Bryan, and Rev. Wilkins of Sullivan.

To-night Mrs. Atchison will speak on "The Perils of Un-American Immigration." Rolla Kirk Bryan will also give a chalk talk.

Children's meeting and drill to-morrow morning. Free parliament at 11; address at 2 p. m. by Mrs. Atchison. At half past 11, Mrs. Helen M. Barker, of Chicago, will speak.

This is Equal Suffrage day at the camp meeting and the motto is "Make the World Better." Wednesday will be W. C. T. U. day.

## MURDER AT FARMER CITY.

John Henry Smith, a Prominent Farmer, Shot and Killed James Kuykendall.

Saturday, about noon, John Henry Smith, of Farmer City, shot and killed at that place James Kuykendall, a former employee.

Smith conducts a farm near Farmer City and also retails coal in town. John Kuykendall who recently came from Lancaster, Ky., with his family has been working for Smith and lived in one of Smith's houses on the farm. Some time ago Smith discharged him, but he still remained in the house, and intended to start for Kentucky Saturday evening. He had a settlement to make with Smith involving about two dollars, and he went to Smith's office for that purpose, and offered Smith his garden for the debt, stating he had only money enough to carry his family back to Kentucky. Smith refused to take the garden, whereupon Kuykendall said he would not let him sell it to any one else. This angered Smith, and he called him a liar and ordered him to move on. Kuykendall was in the road and refused to move, when Smith drew a revolver and fired, but missed; he fired again, and killed the man. Smith was sent to the Clinton jail, and the coroner's jury held him for murder. The citizens of Farmer City bought a casket for the body and gave the widow a purse of money and started the family for Kentucky that evening. There is no sympathy for the murderer. Smith once while under the influence of liquor tried to commit suicide. This was about ten years ago.

## Caused a Scare.

At about one o'clock this afternoon somebody sent in an alarm that the Furniture Factory was on fire, and as quickly as possible the entire fire department dashed to the factory, unrolled the hose, made connections and stood ready for action. But there was no fire, and no cause for the general alarm. In the shaving separator there had been a little fire, but it had been promptly extinguished long before the department arrived. A great crowd rushed to the factory, and all went back glad there was no fire.

## FOSTERING PATRIOTISM.

Summer Pilgrimage of University Students to Scenes of Patriotic Historical Interest.

PHILADELPHIA, July 20.—The spirit of patriotism and independence that freed the colonies from British rule is being re-kindled and fostered by the numerous native American orders, and now the teachings of the summer school of the University of Pennsylvania on American history are to be given practical illustrations in the same line.

George Washington assumed command of the continental army before Boston 119 years ago, and the even t was celebrated in Independence hall yesterday morning by the students of the university extension school. About fifty men and women, students from seventeen different states, decided some time ago to make an historical pilgrimage to the different places made famous in the struggle against England. A gathering in Independence hall yesterday morning was the "outset of the pilgrimage."

The exercises were opened by an address by Hamton Carson, a lawyer of this city. Mr. Carson was followed by Prof. William P. Trent, of the university of the south, who reviewed the life of Washington and showed his strong impress upon the character of the government and the people. As the conclusion of Prof. Trent's address, the children filled the room of Independence hall. The site on which stood the building in which Thomas Jefferson drafted the Declaration of Independence was also visited. The students were addressed at the University of Pennsylvania, by Taft Collier Williams on "Philadelphia's Contributions to Americanism."

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## FOR FIVE CALVES.

Story of the Most Extraordinary  
Lawsuit on Record.

The Case Has Been in the Courts for  
Twenty Years, and the Costs and Judge-  
ments Amount to Thirty Thousand  
Dollars.

The "Jones county calf case" will vex  
the souls of coming Blackstones for a  
century. It is the "Jarnydon vs. Jarny-  
dons," of America, and by comparison  
with it the Myra Clarke Gaines case  
pales its ineffectual fires. The heirs  
of Anneke Jans would be happy could  
they divide the mere court costs in the  
Jones county calf case. The map of  
Iowa has been devastated by this in-  
sidious litigation, and boys have grown  
to men and lawyers too, since it began  
its infestive career. For a score of  
years the readers of American news-  
papers have been in the habit of seeing,  
here and there, at sporadic intervals  
and in unlock-for connections,  
mysterious allusions to the great  
"Jones county calf case," and arith-  
metical geniuses have ever and anon  
blanched before its involved accounts  
and gone driving to lunatic asylums  
after vainly attempting to compute its  
costs and ascertain its result.

Exaggeration? By no means. I have  
taken pains to gather at first hand  
from the plaintiff, who is now the vic-  
torious party from Jones county of-  
ficials and from other quarters, the  
facts of this singular story now set  
forth to the public for the first time.

There is no stranger chapter in the  
annals of American law. The plaintiff  
himself writes me: "Some of the best  
farmers in Jones county lost all their  
property long ago in lawing this case.  
Then their children and friends took  
it up and fought it as long as they  
could. It is still pending." And it has  
long since passed from the condition  
of a neighborhood scandal to the mag-  
nificent proportions of a national curi-  
osity.

This is how it came about—Robert

Johnson, an Ohio boy, of Virginia

stock, went to farming in 1858 in Jones

county, Ia. In 1874 Farmer Potter, of

Greene county, an acquaintance of

Johnson, came to Johnson and said he

wanted to buy some calves. A man

named Smith, a stranger therabouts,

but he was not disconcerted by a little  
thing like that, and they

once more appealed to the supreme

court of Iowa, where the case is now

pending on this point. The six anti-

horse thieves have mated in this gneuous

maner the six anti-horse thieves now

came into court once more and asked

if they couldn't have one thousand dol-

lars knocked off the bill of costs they

had to pay, inasmuch as Harmon Kellar,

who had been let off by the Clinton

county judge, ought to pay at

least one-seventh of the costs for all

the fun he had had Judge Linehan over-

ruled the motion of the six anti-horse

thieves, but they were not disconcerted

by a little thing like that, and they

once more appealed to the supreme

court of Iowa, where the case is now

pending on this point. The six anti-

horse thieves are pretty well ruined by

this time, and Johnson, who has had

to leave Jones county, and lives near

in Cedar county, may eventually get

back a part of the comfortable little

fortune he has blown in on the forty-five dollar calves. Dozens of

lawyers have fattened on calf fees

and one hundred and fourteen

jurors have heard its merits. Gov.

Horace Boies was one of the lawyers,

and Counselor C. E. Wheeler, who be-

gan as "officer boy" to an attorney's

"firm" when the case began, is now a

moss-grown limb of the law.

The plaintiff has paid out \$4,800 that

he knows of. "The costs," he says,

"which stand against the defendants

run up to some thirty thousand dol-

lars. Of the eight trial judges who

have heard the case at one time or

another, two are dead." Two of the

defendants, the anti-horse thieves—

E. V. Miller and Abe Miller—are

dead. And the calf case is still very

much alive.

There are a number of "calf cases,"

curiously enough, which have cropped

up and been carried on since the Jones

county calf began to kick. Thomas

McGibben and Edward Bedford, of

Kentucky, began lawing in 1879 over a

bullock calf in which McGibben had

claimed as his missing property, swore

that (Johnson) had never sold those

calves to Potter and that he would not

pay the forty-five dollar note he had

given to Foreman.

Mr. Foreman then concluded that it

was time for him to take another hand

in the game. He was fairly pining for

the excitement of a lawsuit. He sent

word to Potter that if he (Potter) did

not institute criminal proceedings

against Johnson, he (viz. Foreman)

could invoke the statute of limitations

against him. So Foreman joined the

Anti-Horse-Thief association and suc-

ceeded in having the case retried and

the jury found for him. This was in

December, 1874. Now comes the

indictment.

The state of Montana prosecuted

Robert English last December for

stealing a cow worth forty dollars. He

was acquitted; but another charge

was brought against him. Two of the

jurors got sick on the second trial, and

by the time the third trial was finished

the costs footed up twelve thousand

dollars.

The famous "Winsted bull case"

ended up in Connecticut not long ago,

after a week's trial to a jury, before

which sixty witnesses testified, with

court costs of \$500 and heavy lawyers'

fees over a gaudy little bull that was

sold a few months ago for just \$10.

Farmer Andrew Camp and William

Zimmerman, of Lyman, Pa., went to

law in 1882 over a chestnut tree on

their boundary line. The court deci-

ded in 1883 that Zimmerman owned the

tree. The case was appealed to the

Supreme Court, which affirmed the

decision. The case was then retried

in the state court, and again affirmed.

A justice of the peace in Hueneme,

Cal., in 1875 decided the ownership

of a disputed hen, over which hundreds

of dollars of lawyers' fees and court

costs had been squandered, by taking

the fowl to a point half way between

the homes of the claimants and turn-

ing it loose. The hen ran up to the

one in whose favor the justice decided.

The last trial of Daniel Coughlin on

the charge of helping to murder Dr.

Patrick Cronin lasted four months

and involved the expenditure of \$100,-

000. This is said to be the longest

trial in contiguous session, known in

the United States—Globe-Democrat.

A justice of the peace in Winsted, Conn.,

rendered a verdict in a case in which

the parties were represented by

attorneys, and the costs amounted to

\$100.00. Our

and we decided to

add the business

we add before we are

guaranteed.

## UTTERLY WIPE OUT

The Town of Phillips, Wis., Destroyed by Fire.

## THREE THOUSAND PEOPLE HOMELESS.

Nearly Eight Hundred Houses Burned—Sixteen Human Beings Known to Have Perished—Aid from Surrounding Towns Pouring In.

A Scene of Utter Desolation—After the Fire.

PHILLIPS, Wis., July 29.—At daybreak to-day smoke covered an area of 100 miles square. About 3,500 people have fled into the forests or to the villages near by. The town this morning was a smouldering heap of ruins and the smoke was so dense that the headlight of a locomotive could not be seen fifty feet away. Three relief trains reached Phillips soon after 6 o'clock this morning. One was in charge of Gov. George W. Peck and his staff. The second came from Steven's Point in charge of Frank Lameroux and Crosby Grant, and the third from Marshfield in charge of Maj. W. H. Upham, republican nominee for governor.

As soon as he arrived Gov. Peck called his staff together and directed the work of unloading the provisions. There were several car loads of food and a warehouse was opened in one of the few buildings that are left standing in the town. Through the dense smoke Gov. Peck made his way and found two heavy walls that marked the place where the two banks had stood. On inquiry it was learned that the vaults of the banks contained \$20,000, and Gov. Peck immediately swore in a dozen men to guard the money in the vaults. They were armed with Winchester rifles and ordered to remain on duty in two shifts day and night.

The loss by the conflagration in its entirety is difficult to estimate. Out of 900 buildings in the town only thirty-seven remain. H. W. Davis, of the Davis Lumber Co., estimates the total loss at \$1,500,000, with scarcely half that amount covered by insurance. The Davis Lumber Co. lost \$500,000 fully insured. The next highest loss is that of the Fayette-Shaw Tannery Co., operating one of the largest tanneries in the United States. The tannery was destroyed with its stock, aggregating a loss of nearly \$200,000. The Blatz Brewing Co. of Milwaukee, had a distributing depot here which was destroyed with a loss of \$30,000.

There is no way of estimating the number of lives lost in the fire, and even after forty-eight hours have passed no one can be found who ventures an opinion of the loss of life. When the people fled before the wave of fire they became separated, and can give no account of each other. It is known that sixteen persons perished on the raft that burned in the bayou. A bridge or trestle crossed the bayou, and when the supports of this bridge burned away it fell. Women and children were crossing at the time, and some must have perished.

The charred body of Anton Flenzler can be seen in the wreck of a brick chimney. The man was attempting to carry his trunk from a burning dwelling, when the brick chimney fell on him, crushing out his life.

As the fire swept towards the bridge a number of children were seen to take refuge in the big lumber yard. Their cries were heard by others who fled towards the water, but the children have never been found.

Of the sixteen persons who lost their lives on the raft that burned in the bayou eight are yet in the water. The body of Frank Cles, the machinist, was found under a pile of driftwood at noon to-day. The bodies of his wife and children were recovered afterwards. Dynamite was exploded all day in the bayou, and a number of bodies were raised by this means. Jim Lock's body was brought to the surface. He was the butcher who was drowned with his child in his arms.

The true story of the launching of this ill-fated raft has never been told. The only man who tells a comprehensive narrative of the horror is Joseph Bollen, a lumberman. He was standing near a boathouse when a number of women and children came toward him. There were three or four men following. They went to the raft and attempted to push it from the shore when it caught fire. Some jumped into small boats and others remained on the raft. All perished, as the boats were overloaded and sank. The raft burned to the water's edge.

The local relief committee has issued a statement to the public thanking the generous citizens of the state for their liberal contributions.

## A SUMMARY

Of the Damage Done by the Fire at Phillips, Wis., and Surrounding Towns.

ASHLAND, Wis., July 29.—The latest advice from Phillips, Wis., state that the prosperous city is simply a heap of ruins and ashes. Everything is totally wiped out. The damage to property will probably reach \$1,500,000. The people had to fly from their homes to escape being burned. Many crossed over the bridge and walked to Fifield. Scores slept last night without food in the open air, left to the tender mercies of neighboring cities to send them assistance. This is being done as rapidly as possible.

The destruction at Mason was reported as being total, but later, advice is that the plant of the White River Lumber Co., together with the yards and four or five houses were burned. Houses at the town proper are still standing. The loss will probably reach about \$700,000 at Mason. Trains on the Omaha road were headed off at Mason by the burning of the

bridge near there, and all coming north returned to Spooner.

To briefly summarize, the fires have burned as follows:

The city of Phillips, entirely wiped out; the city of Mason, practically destroyed, with the White River Lumber Co., and 30,000,000 feet of lumber; headquarters of the Ashland Lumber Co., near Short's Crossing, entirely wiped out; a special train of the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha, consisting of sixteen cars and two locomotives, all burned, broke through the burning bridge near Ashland Junction; the camps of the Thompson Lumber Co., burned at White river; two bridges on the main line of the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha railroad, one near Ashland Junction and one near Mason; two bridges on the Wisconsin Central, one at Chelsea and the other at Phillips, both on the main line south of Ashland.

Several parties of berry pickers from Ashland narrowly escaped with their lives, and it is almost certain that some of the lone homesteaders have perished unless they have in some marvelous way escaped through the suffocating flames and smoke. About noon refugees and other homesteaders began to arrive at Ashland.

## PROMPT ASSISTANCE

Banded to the Destitute and Homeless Citizens of Phillips, Wis.

MILWAUKEE, July 29.—The total destruction by fire of the prosperous town of Phillips, in Price county, as a result of the devastating forest fires during the week, has brought quick and generous responses to the appeals for succor from all parts of the Badger state to-day. The bare news that 3,000 men, women and children had been suddenly rendered homeless and destitute of the necessities of existence was sufficient to awake practical expressions of sympathy, in which the state authorities and the business men of Milwaukee were leaders.

The Elk river, which runs through Phillips, afforded a haven of refuge to many of the inhabitants. The destruction of Phillips was followed by the prayed-for rain, which soon quenched the forest fires along the Northern Pacific, Omaha & South Shore roads, between West Superior and Ashland, as well as the destructive confabulations to the south on the line of the Wisconsin Central and in the Michigan peninsula on the Gogebic range region. Fifteen carloads of provisions, clothing and tents are either in the hands of the Phillips victims to-night or will be to-morrow.

The reports from Mason, in Bayfield county, and Shor's crossing, which were partly burned, show that the people are not in want of the necessities of life.

## AN IOWA TOWN IN ASHES.

Sixty Business Houses and Several Dwellings in Belle Plaine Destroyed by Fire.

BELLE PLAIN, Ia., July 29.—The cry of fire was heard throughout the town late yesterday afternoon. The citizens soon had the fire apparatus out, but owing to the engines steaming slowly the flames, which had started in the roof of a livery stable and were fanned by a strong west wind, had leaped across the street to the business part of the city, and were soon beyond the control of the firemen.

It was impossible to stop the spread of the flames with the apparatus at hand and telegrams were sent to Cedar Rapids and Tama, but by 9 o'clock the entire business portion of the town with the exception of three buildings was in ashes.

In all over sixty buildings and business concerns were burned out, with a loss of \$400,000, with \$150,000 insurance. Several dwellings and their contents were also destroyed. The Burley house is the only hotel left standing, and it was saved only by a fortunate change of the wind. So far as known no one was killed and but few injured. This is a severe blow to Belle Plaine, and it is a grave question whether it will ever be rebuilt completely.

Awful Forest Fires in Washington State.

KELSO, Wash.—The settlers of the Slocum district have been left without shelter or food by the awful forest fires which have been raging throughout the mountains of this district, causing a loss estimated at \$150,000. A relief party has gone to the scene of suffering, but it is feared they will be too late to prevent much privation. The ill-fated town had been surrounded by flames for days, but a roaring gale carried burning brands high in the air and started fires in other places. In an instant a dozen fires were raging in Three Forks. The total loss there is \$63,000. The people had to flee for their lives into the nearest water. The loss at Bear Lake is \$25,000. It is almost certain that there has been loss of life.

The Business Portion of Brooklyn, Ia., Wiped Out.

DRA MOINES, Ia., July 29.—The business portion of the little city of Brooklyn, located on the Rock Island road in Poweshiek county, was wiped out by fire early yesterday morning. Seventeen buildings, nearly all brick, were destroyed before the flames were checked by the Grannell fire department, which came on a special train.

The fire originated in an unknown manner in the basement of Woods & Kelly's furniture store. The loss will reach \$125,000; insurance, \$75,000.

Nine Buildings Destroyed.

CHILTON, Wis., July 29.—Fire destroyed nine buildings at Hilbert yesterday morning, including the St. Paul depot. The high wind blowing threatened the destruction of the town. Assistance was rendered by the firemen of this city.

A Profites Strike Declares on.

IRONWOOD, Mich., July 29.—The miners' strike on the Gogebic Range was declared off yesterday after an idleness of six weeks and loss to the workingmen of \$100,000, and an additional tax to the county of \$50,000. The militia will leave here to-day.

## THE COMING WEEK

May Witness Some Agreement on the Tariff Question.

## TO BE FOLLOWED BY FURTHER DEBATE

Brief or Protracted According to the Nature of the Conference's Report—The Appropriation Bills in a Fair Way to be Disposed Of.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—The torrid heat is aiding the tariff compromisers. Extremists find their obstinacy with their shirt collars. Senator Jones, who has had the laboring car on the tariff bill on the senate side ever since it left the house, is fairly confident that an agreement of some sort will be reached this week. Whether the debate which will then follow will be brief or indefinitely protracted will depend entirely upon the nature of the report presented by the conference.

Omitting the tariff bill from the calculations as to what may take place there is every indication that the end of the week will see all the appropriation bills safely out of the way. Mr. Cockrell, chairman of the senate committee on appropriations, expects to get the sundry civil bill—that vehicle which carries everything not otherwise provided for—out of the committee room by to-morrow night to be reported Tuesday morning. He will call it up at once for consideration. He then expects to have the deficiency bill in such shape that he can follow the sundry civil with it when needed. This will complete the appropriation bills and leave the senate free to discuss tariff or to threaten adjournment if delays are interposed.

It may be that the Chinese treaty will get its day in court, in the event no agreement has been reached by the conference by that time. Andrew Carnegie, in an interview published in the London Engineering Review, is quoted as saying that he does not think that the United States now requires protection, which he claims is of little use for revenue purposes, as manufactured imports have fallen so low.

The weekly statement of the New York associated banks, issued Saturday, shows the following changes: Reserve, decrease, \$2,209,875; loans, decrease, \$1,100,000; specific decrease, \$401,900; legal tenders, decrease, \$8,078,400; deposits, decrease, \$5,081,700; circulation, decrease, \$100,000.

Joseph O. Curry, late president of the defunct Chemical national bank of Chicago, stands accused in a bill filed by Receiver Eli C. Tourtelot of wrongfully converting to his own use large sums of money, and with gross carelessness in making big loans to insolvent borrowers.

The guards at Tracy City, Tenn., watched the mouth of the mines closely all Friday night, and Saturday morning at an early hour the seventy convicts who had remained in the mines after the insurrection of Friday appeared, and were without trouble taken into custody.

The steamer Empress of India, Capt. Marshall, arrived at Vancouver, B. C., Friday afternoon, eleven days out from Yokohama. In her cabin was Lieut. Cox, U. S. N., the flag lieutenant of the United States steamship Baltimore, right from Seoul, Korea capital, on his way home.

Supt. Campbell of the Burlington, whose division extends through Nebraska, declares it will be necessary to ship corn into many counties of that state this year in order that the farmers may live another season. Hundreds of square miles of the finest looking corn hangs dry and lifeless on account of the drought. Reports from the lines of the Union Pacific, Rock Island, Missouri Pacific and Santa Fe are of the same tenor.

**OIL TANK WORKS BURNED.**

At Proceedings Against Debs et al. Under the Bill Filed July 29.

CHICAGO, July 29.—Proceedings against Debs et al. in the United States circuit court here under the bill filed July 2, in behalf of railroads represented in the General Managers' association, were brought to a sudden and temporary close yesterday by an order from Judge Woods, who is now out.

A meeting of the committee on rules will be held this morning to decide what committees shall have the sessions of to-day and to-morrow for their own business. The Indian and naval committees will probably be the favored ones. The other days in the week will be apportioned later, if it shall then be found desirable to continue the policy of parcelling out the time.

The programme is always subject to interruption by conference reports, and there are six appropriation bills, beside the tariff bill, which are likely at any time to come in and vary the proceedings.

**A TEMPORARY CLOSE**

At Proceedings Against Debs et al. Under the Bill Filed July 29.

PORT WAYNE, Ind., July 29.—The big oil tank works of S. F. Bowser & Co., in this city, were totally destroyed by fire last night, entailing a loss of \$100,000, and throwing nearly 100 men out of employment. The fire was discovered in the immense warehouse, which was stored with a great quantity of inflammable material. In a short time it communicated to the workshop, which was soon wrapped in flames.

From the start the fire was beyond all control, and in an hour the whole establishment was in ruins. The insurance amounts to about \$20,000. The works will be at once rebuilt.

Frank Magner, a laborer, was instantly killed by picking up a broken telephone wire, which had fallen across an electric trolley wire. When his wife, who was in poor health, heard of the death of her husband she was completely prostrated, and soon expired.

**Baseball.**

The following games were played Saturday:

At Cincinnati—Cincinnati, 16; Chicago, 13.

At Baltimore—Boston, 8; Baltimore, 4.

At Brooklyn—Brooklyn, 9; Washington, 5.

At Pittsburgh—Pittsburgh, 8; Cleveland, 6.

At Philadelphia—New York, 11; Philadelphia, 10.

At St. Louis—Louisville, 8; St. Louis, 4.

**YESTERDAY'S GAMES.**

At St. Louis—First Game—St. Louis, 18; Louisville, 2. Second Game—Louisville, 9; St. Louis, 2.

At Cincinnati—Chicago, 16; Cincinnati, 9.

**Three Men Killed by a Boiler Explosion.**

SUNIVERSITY, Pa., July 30.—By an explosion of a boiler in a nest of six at Packer's No. 4 colliery of the Lehigh Valley Coal Co. Saturday night, one man was instantly killed, two so badly hurt that they have since died and one seriously burned.

The cause of the explosion is not known. The boilers were in the engine room and had been inspected Saturday and the men were engaged in making the steam pipe fittings and getting ready to fire up when the explosion occurred.

The firemen were buried in every direction and the boiler house was wrecked by the force of the explosion.

An explosion followed, but no loss of life, as the bullet was found on the surface of the skull, flattened like a pancake.

The woman will not die.

**Nine Buildings Destroyed.**

CHILTON, Wis., July 29.—Fire destroyed nine buildings at Hilbert yesterday morning, including the St. Paul depot.

The high wind blowing threatened the destruction of the town.

Assistance was rendered by the firemen of this city.

**A PROTEST STRIKE DECLARED ON.**

IRONWOOD, Mich., July 29.—The miners' strike on the Gogebic Range was declared off yesterday after an idleness of six weeks and loss to the workingmen of \$100,000, and an additional tax to the county of \$50,000. The militia will leave here to-day.

## TELEGRAPHIC NOTES.

The business portion of Bonapart, Ia., was destroyed by fire Friday night, entailing a loss of nearly \$30,000.

On Saturday the banks of New York held \$71,904,721 in excess of the requirements of the 25-per-cent rule.

The six companies of state troops and the Gatling gun detachment, stationed at Hammond, Ind., were ordered home Saturday.

Vice-President Stevenson left his home in Bloomington, Ill., Saturday morning for Washington. He had been home about a week.

Mayor Bissell of Cleveland, O., a large owner in western railroads, fell down a flight of stairs at the Coleman house, Asbury Park, N. J., and broke his arm.

Representative Springer left his home in Indianapolis, Ind., Saturday morning for Washington. He had been home about a week.

—Major Bissell of Cleveland, O., a large owner in western railroads, fell down a flight of stairs at the Coleman house, Asbury Park, N. J., and broke his arm.

—Half a hundred of Jeffries' Seattle Coreyites are in the Ravenna (O.) county jail on warrants sworn out by W. D. Armstrong, agent of the Pennsylvania Railroad Co., for trespass.

—Senator Perry Anderson, of Alexis, Ill., died suddenly Saturday morning. Deceased was a republican state senator in the last Illinois general assembly, being elected four years ago from the old twenty-seventh senatorial district.

—The work of bringing about an agreement on the tariff bill began in earnest Saturday morning at a private and informal conference between the conferees of the senate and the house.

—Half a hundred of Jeffries' Seattle Coreyites are in the Ravenna (O.) county jail on warrants sworn out by W. D. Armstrong, agent of the Pennsylvania Railroad Co., for trespass.

—Representative Springer has prepared a call for a caucus of the house democrats to-m

# UCING STOCK.

ing to Reduce our Stock all this month  
ng goods that we have too many.  
at greatly reduced prices.

her Goods Must Go Regard-  
less of Cost.

a at 90c this week.  
Dress Goods at 25c.

at \$1.48.  
Umbrellas, worth

worth 75c, cut to

48c, 65c and 50c.  
Stock.

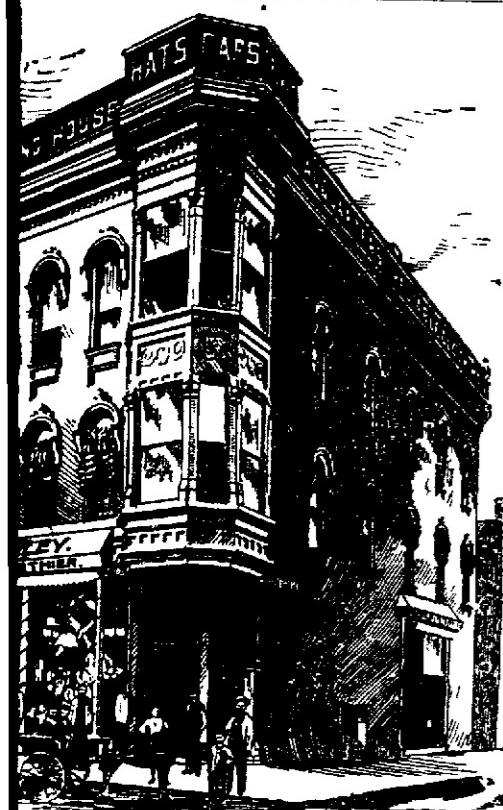
Linen Stock.

Linen stock must be reduced  
75c Table Linen cut to 48c.  
85c Table Linen cut to 58c.  
50c Table Linen cut to 39c.  
35c Towels cut to 25c.  
25c Towels cut to 19c.  
20c Towels cut to 12½c.

RADING AT OUR STORE THIS WEEK.

*J. Johnston*  
TUR. ILL.

North Water Street.



QUESTION.

s fair for a purchaser to ask  
d I trade with so and so?"  
ve are concerned our answer

SUFFICIENT  
REASONS.

P CHARLEY.

## SENATORIAL CONVENTION.

The Republicans of the various counties comprising the Forty-First Senatorial District of Illinois, are hereby invited to send delegates to a convention to be held at the court house in the City of Decatur, Illinois, at one o'clock p. m. on FRIDAY, AUGUST 3, 1894, for the purpose of nominating a candidate for State Senator and two candidates for the House of Representatives, and of transacting such other business as may legitimately come before said convention.

The basis of representation and the number of delegates to which each county in the district is entitled will be the same as that fixed for the State Convention to be held at Springfield July 21st as follows:

Christian County.....	10 Delegates.
Macoupin	4
Moultrie	4
Total	29

Dated June 22, 1894.

## Specimen Cases.

S. H. Clifford, New Castle, Wis., was troubled with Neuralgia and Rheumatism. His stomach was disordered, his liver was affected to an alarming degree, appetite fell away, and he was terribly reduced in flesh and strength. Three bottles of Electric Bitters cured him.

Edward Shepherd, Harrisburg, Ill., had a running sore on his leg of eight years' standing. Used three bottles of Electric Bitters and seven boxes of Bucklen's Arnica Salve, and his leg is sound and well. John Speaker, Catawba, O., had five large Fever Sores on his leg, doctors said he was incurable. One bottle of Electric Bitters and one box Bucklen's Arnica Salve cured him entirely. Sold by King & Hubbard's Drug Store.

There died in Nice a few days ago Michael Gambetta, an uncle of the statesman Gambetta. He was 90 years old. His death is said to have been due to the too sudden announcement of the murder of President Carnot. With him the famous name is said to have died out.

A Household Treasure.

D. W. Fuller, of Conisburgh, N. Y., says that he always keeps Dr. King's New Discovery in the house, and his family has always found the very best results follow its use; that he would not be without it, if procurable. G. A. Dykeman, druggist, Catskill, N. Y., says that Dr. King's New Discovery is undoubtedly the best Cough remedy; that he has used it in his family for eight years, and it never failed to do all that it claimed for it. Why not try a remedy so long tried and tested? Trial bottles free at King & Hubbard's drug store. Regular size 50c and \$1.00.

At Milledgeville, Ga., on July 26, a monument will be unveiled to the memory of Brigadier-General George Dole of the Army of Northern Virginia. He was killed at the battle of Cold Harbor, Va., July 2, 1864, after making a brilliant record as a commander.

A Sound Liver Makes a Well Man.

Are you Bilious, Constituted or troubled with Jaundice, Sick Headache, Bad Taste in Mouth, Foul Breath, Coated Tongue, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Hot, Dry Skin, Pain in Back and between the Shoulders, Chills and Fever, &c.? If you have any of these symptoms, your Liver is out of order, and your blood is slowly being poisoned, because your Liver does not act properly. HERBINE will cure any disorder of the Liver, Stomach or Bowels. It has no equal as a Liver Medicine. Price, 75 cents. Free trial bottles at Dawson's drug store.

It is proposed to erect at Lebanon, Pa., a memorial over the grave of John Casper Steever, who was one of the first German Lutheran ministers to be ordained in America. He was buried at the old Hill church, northwest of Lebanon, more than one hundred years ago.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, and pay no required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For Sale by KING & HUBBARD.

ISRAEL D. CONDRIT, who celebrated his 92d birthday at the home of his daughter in Milburn, N. J., a few days ago, was one of the founders of Scranton, Pa., and is one of the only surviving charter members of the Morris and Essex Railroad company.

The New Spring Hats  
are all adorned with roses. The roses on your cheeks can be retained by using Parks' Tea. It cures the blood of impurities, moves the bowels every day and gives health and strength to the user. Sold by W. F. Neisler.

The German Emperor is now titular commander of seventeen regiments. He is also Honorary Admiral of the British fleet, an Honorary Admiral of the Danish fleet and a laute of the Swedish and Norwegian fleet.

Our Grandmothers' Way  
was to steep roots and herbs and use it every night. We can do the same by using Parks' Tea. Nothing acts so promptly and without discomfort. Not a pill or cathartic, but moves the bowels every day. Sold by W. F. Neisler.

ME BIDI-KADYA-KORZABOUAROW, the first Mohammedan woman to pass the examinations and receive a diploma as doctor of medicine, has been appointed by the Russian Government as principal medical officer of the town of Kassimian.

For instance, Mrs. Chee Rogers, of Bay City, Mich., accidentally spilled scalding water over her little boy. She promptly applied De Witt's Witch Hazel Salve, giving instant relief. It's a wonderfully good salve for burns, bruises, sores, and a sure cure for Piles. C. H. Dawson.

The death is announced in Sweden of Bishop Johann Anderson, who first translated "Faust" and other works of Goethe in Swedish.

RUDY'S PILE SUPPOSITORY is guaranteed to cure Piles and Constipation or money refunded. 50c cents per box. Send stamp for circular and free sample to MARTIN RUDY, Lancaster, Pa. For Sale by W. A. Dixon & Co., Druggists, Decatur, Ill.

"There is a Salve for every wound." We refer to De Witt's Witch Hazel Salve, which cures burns, bruises, cuts, indolent sores, local application in the nostrils it cures catarrh, and always cures piles.

-J.W.D.

# LAST WEEK of BRADLEY BROS' Great Unloading Sale

OF  
HUNDREDS of DESIRABLE BARGAINS  
BEING CLOSED OUT DAILY.

## Dry Goods.

### WASH GOODS.

2,500 yards of American Satinens, regular 20c quality, all light shades, at..... 8c yd

50 pieces 32-inch Cotton Pongees, at..... 8c yd

Fine Wash Japonettes, at..... 19c yd  
Reduced from 25c.

Boxes of Best American Satin, dark colors, at..... 12½c yd

50 pieces of Finest Imported Broche Satinens, regular 35c quality, at..... 18c yd

Only one case of Challies, at..... 2c yd

Boxes of Standard Apron Ginghams, at..... 5c yd

1 case of Chiffonette Wash Dress Goods, at 5c yd

1 box Choice Outing Cloth Flannels, 30 inches wide, at..... 6½c yd

Best quality of Scotch and French Embroidered Ginghams, actual value 45 and 50c, all marked down to close out, at..... 25c yd

### BLACK DRESS GOODS.

Black Dress Goods, at..... reduced prices

Black Cashmeres, at..... 24, 35 and 47c yd

All-Wool Henriettes, at 47, 55, 61, 71, 85 and 94c yd

Black Brilliantines, at..... 21, 47, 71 and 92c yd

Black Batiste, at..... 47, 71, 80, 85 and 94c yd

Black Serges, Black Whip Cords, Black Poplins, Black Camel's Hairs, Black Armure, Black Bengalines and Black Broches, at 61, 71 and 94c yd..... all reduced

500 Straw Hats, in white, black, tan, navy and brown, at..... 18c each

One lot of Trimmed Hats, all new and stylish, will be closed out as follows:

15 Trimmed Hats, at..... 50c each

16 " " ..... 81.00 "

37 " " ..... 1.50 "

29 " " ..... 2.50 "

35 " " ..... 3.50 "

30 " " ..... 5.00 "

25 pieces Japanese Wash Silks, were 65 and 75c, now..... 49c yd

COLORED DRESS GOODS.

One lot of 36-inch All-Wool Dress Goods, at 35c yd Regular price, 50c.

One lot of 45 and 50-inch Fine Wool Dress Goods, at..... 38c yd Regular price, 50c.

One lot of Silk and Wool Fine French Novelty Dress Goods, 48 inches wide, at..... 95c yd Original price, \$1.50 yd.

50 pieces Half-Wool Challis, single and double widths, dark and light colors, at..... 19c yd Original price, 25 to 35c.

100 patterns Choice All-Wool French Challis, at..... 39c yd Early price, 5 and 75c yd.

Novelty Dress Goods in Suit Patterns, \$10.00, 12.00 and 14.00 quality, all marked down to..... \$8.00

Silk and Wool Novelty Dress Patterns, \$15.00, 20.00 and 25.20 quality, all marked down to..... \$12.00 suit

One lot of Lyons Printed Pongee Silks, at 38c yd

1,000 yards of Taffeta Silks, black and white stripes and checks, a 75c quality, at..... 88c yd

50 pieces of Printed India and China Silks, 27 inches wide, were 75c and \$1.00, all at 58c yd

25 pieces of Best Quality Printed India Silks, \$1.00 and 1.25, at..... 75c yd

Fancy Satin Princess Silks, in black and white, now..... 75c yd Were \$1.00.

100 pieces of Printed India and China Silks, 27 inches wide, were 75c and \$1.00, all at 58c yd

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We Are  
Showing a  
— MOST —  
SENSIBLE BELT PIN  
To Pin Ladies' Belts  
To the Skirts.  
Made of Sterling Silver.  
They Are Not Expensive.

OTTO E. CURTIS & BRO.

Jewelers and Dealers in Fine China.

Tans! This is the season when we want to sell them and it is the season when you want to buy them. There ought not to be the slightest difficulty in our agreeing if you will only come to our store and bring your feet with you. We have a great stock of Men's Tan Shoes which we want to turn into money during this hot weather, and we are not going to ask you a regular price for them, either. The truth is that we want to sell them so bad that we don't mind about the profit. We will sell you any pair of our Men's Tan Shoes that were bought to sell at \$4.00, at only \$2.98. Our fine \$6.00 Hanan & Sons' cloth top, wing tip, button tans—we will sell you as many pairs of them as you want at \$4 per pair. These are samples only of the prices we make. The truth is that in the tan shoes for ladies which we have on hand there are just as great bargains as in those for men's wear. We must clean up this stock and we invite your co-operation. If you examine these goods we know you will buy.

FRANK H. COLE SHOE CO.  
B. F. BOBO, Manager

148 East Main Street,

Decatur, Illinois.

Daily Republican

No improvement that you can make (for the money) will add so much to the appearance of your home as painting it. King & Hubbard, the drugists, have the best mixed paints in all colors; also everything in the paint and varnish line.

MONDAY, JULY 30, 1894.

LOCAL NEWS.

LEMON PIES, 15c, at Co-Operative Woman's Exchange.

COCONUT PIES, 15c, at Co-Operative Woman's Exchange.

IRWIN'S IRON TONIC Bitters cures indigestion and nervous exhaustion.

A CHANCE to get a bicycle for nothing at the B. Stine Clothing Co. Read ad.

USE WHITE LOAF FLOUR.

THE Dutchman has come to stay. I'm GUESSED run from 400 to 47,100 at the B. Stine Clothing Co. What's yours?

BICYCLES TO RENT, DODD & SANER Co., 155 Merchant St. April 18-dff

USE WHITE LOAF FLOUR.

BLACKBERRY PIES, 15c, at Co-Operative Woman's Exchange.

THE Grand Opera House, cigars, made by Kock & Wiegand, are the best in town.

DR. O. T. EDNY, Dentist, Room 10, Columbia block, over post office.

July 30-mo

CALDWELL'S Syrup Peppermint for constipation and sick headache—10 doses for 10 cents.

USE WHITE LOAF FLOUR.

The second nine of the Calumets and the Drobisch club will cross bats on to-morrow afternoon.

Go to the best and you'll get the best, and the most. Therefore go to the East End Gallery for photos, 1079 E. Eldorado street. 30-dff

ELGIN correspondence stationery, latest styles and at low prices. In package lots at wholesale price. Bevans' City Book Store. 3036

THE Union Relief Board of Decatur will meet Wednesday afternoon at three o'clock at the residence of Mrs. W. M. Catto, on West William street.

We are showing a most sensible belt pin, to pin ladies' belts to the skirts made of sterling silver. They are not expensive. Otto E. Curtis & Bro.

The attention of the public is called to the fact that A. J. Dresbach, 241 North Park street, is the best place in town to buy your meats. Telephone numbers 171.

On Sunday evening Mr. Delaney found a pocketbook on East Eldorado street, near the I. C. railroad, containing one cent in money, two return excursion tickets to Champaign and two receipts each for \$10 on account" to Miss J. A. Wholan from J. C. Kruse, Champaign. The book is in possession of Officer Horton at police headquarters. The book was probably lost by a Champaign visitor.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Mrs. L. B. Casner is on the sick list.

Miss Alice Tyler has returned from Cincinnati.

Miss Anna Lyons has returned from New Berlin.

Nay Bogoss is in Macon to-day on legal business.

Mrs. B. O. McReynolds is visiting friends in Chicago.

Miss Suada Konney has gone to Ohio to visit her parents.

Miss Jessie Antoin is visiting relatives in Champaign.

Mr. and Mrs. S. T. Neibert spent Sunday in Mechanicsburg.

Misses Bertha and Emma Harpstrete are visiting friends in Pekin.

Mrs. H. F. Ehrman and children are visiting friends in Champaign.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Nehlinger spent Sunday in Decatur with relatives.

Mrs. James Halpin is entertaining her sister, Mrs. C. McDonald, of Chicago.

Dr. Lloyd Brown, of Jacksonville, is the guest of Dr. and Mrs. E. J. Brown.

G. H. Fuller, after spending Sunday here, left to-day for Danville on business.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. C. T. Haigh, of West William street, on Saturday, July 28, a daughter.

Rev. and Mrs. W. C. Miller leave to-morrow for Lewiston, Niagara county, N. Y., to spend a month's recreation.

A. H. Mills and family have returned from Lincoln, Ill., where they have been spending a few weeks visiting relatives.

E. McNabb, accompanied by his grand-daughter, has returned home from Springfield, where he has been visiting for the past week.

Mrs. Nelson, of Decatur, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. Charles L. Capen, at Bloomington, has gone north to join Mrs. F. M. Young.

John Murphy, traveling salesman for Sheddinger Mill and Elevator Company, is confined to his room as the result of an accident which befell him recently while on the road.

Theo. Steiner, the veteran soldier who has been confined to his home by severe attack of rheumatism, is doing what improved. This will be good news to Mr. Steiner's many friends.

STOLE TWO RIGS.

Logan Curtis, a Bad Boy from Sunnyside, Did the Work.

Sunday afternoon Logan Curtis, aged 10 years, son of George Curtis, whose home is in the Sunnyside addition northwest of the city, made a reputation for himself that is not commendable by stealing two separate rigs and taking a free ride about the city. Mrs. Amos T. Davis of West Macon street, drove to the camp-meeting at Oakland park Sunday afternoon and hitched the pony to the fence. Logan Curtis came along and appropriated the rig, driving to the city alone. On the way he picked up a little girl to give her a ride, telling her he was going to Riverside park. The boy came east on Wood street. Near the corner of South Main and Wood streets he saw another rig he wanted. It was the property of O. J. Wray, a farmer who resides four miles southwest of Decatur. Logan got the girl to stay in the Davis rig to hold the horse while he got the Wray rig. Then he led the Wray horse and drove off to Riverside. On the way he picked up two more little girls to give them a ride. Turning a corner near Riverside Place the wheel of the Wray buggy was torn off by coming in contact with a hitching post. The buggy could go no further, and Logan unhitched the horse and was driving along with the three girls and leading the Wray horse, when Deputy Sheriff Sam Holmes, who was on the trail of the boy, came upon him and took him in charge. The kid protested that he was the owner of the horses and buggies, and promptly gave his name. The three little girls got out of the buggy and scattered. Holmes looked around for them but they had scattered and scampered off for parts unknown.

Mrs. Davis and Mr. Wray had been looking for their property, and the first clue to the rigs was given by Mayor Moffett, who had seen the boy and girl drive past the Hotel Brunswick. Deputy Holmes heard the conversation and he got on a street car and quickly headed the boy off before he reached Riverside.

After his arrest the Curtis boy said he lived on South Monroe street. Holmes drove in that direction and when passing Joe Michl's house on South Union street the boy insisted that he lived there. There was no one at home, and while Holmes was making inquiries in the neighborhood young Curtis whipped the Mrs. Davis pony and tried his best to escape. Holmes had to get in his best work as a sprinter to overtake the kid and he did it. The drive was resumed to the last house on South Monroe street where the boy claimed that it was the Davis horse and buggy he had.

The boy was then taken to the jail where he finally gave his place of residence as being in Sunnyside Addition. He was taken there and turned over to his father.

Mrs. Davis lost a piece of carpet and the front rain apron for her buggy, and Mr. Wray, besides having his buggy damaged to the extent of \$15, lost a cloth coat and a rubber coat both worth \$10.

Mr. Wray stated this forenoon that he intended to have the boy prosecuted.

A Cowardly Murder.

Bud Burns, one of the new engineers on the Chicago & Eastern Illinois, was shot at the yard at Danville junction about 10 o'clock Sunday forenoon.

Burns was on a freight run, and had just come in, and was taking his engine to the round house. Seven shots were fired, only one of which took effect, entering his side near the back. Just after the shooting two men were seen running from the place, but further than this the police have no clew as to the guilty parties. Burns was 55 years old, and came from the "Q" road. His residence was in New York.

Supreme Court Decision.

The supreme court of the State of Illinois has lately rendered a decision whose effect may stand for a precedent.

It has ruled that bicycles cannot be licensed to use sidewalks, as they are

specified as vehicles and in case damages resulting from accident, the city issuing license would be liable for the bill.

The bicycle is a vehicle, and to obtain acknowledgement of this fact from the courts has cost the League of American Wheelmen much money and effort. In the light of this fact we cannot see how the Supreme Court of Illinois can be wrong.

A \$2,500 Residence.

Work was commenced this morning on the foundation for Dr. Frank Swearinger's new home in Millikin Place. The residence will be two stories with all modern improvements, and it will be ready for occupancy about the middle of October. The residence will cost \$2,500.

A Seal at \$1.25 a Ton.

Have a large ton of coal delivered at

July 11-12. DICKSON COAL CO.

Convention Echoes.

The Democratic county convention held last Saturday to nominate a county ticket was a ringing. It did not present the spirit of a convention that expected to sweep the country or cause a panic in the ranks of the opposition. There was nothing of the *et al.* about it that characterized past Democratic conventions when the leaders thought they had a "hen on" to fool the people. There was no farmer's movement to "right the wrong," and no labor movements that the leaders felt they could bank on, and the absence of these things produced cold storage for Democratic enthusiasm.

To the add to their distress the Democratic party has been on record for nearly two years, and that record is bad in every way. The convention passed resolutions reaffirming the principles of the party as announced in the Democratic national platform of 1892 when they knew that none of these principles had been carried out and that

there is no effort to carry them out.

But the base delegates had one little scheme, to wit, to leave the place open for county clerk, that the faithful might vote for a Republican for that office to defeat the regular Republican nominee.

But this scheme produced a whirlwind which carried the schemes off their feet.

Delegate Gray declared he would vote

for the regular Republican nominee before he would vote for a bolter. De-

legate Bragg said he had a sublime contempt for "half-breeds" and would not

vote for any such people, and the Ninth

district announced that unless there was a full Democratic ticket nominated the Democrats of that district would bolt the whole ticket. These sentiments were loudly cheered.

While Mr. Gray insisted that he

would not vote for a bolter and some other delegate yelled that he was tired of the Democratic plan of borrowing Republicans to run on Democratic tickets. Mr. Gray announced that he

had positive knowledge that George P. Hardy would run independent in any event, which insured the election of a Democrat for county clerk if one were nominated. This groused Democratic hope and there were more cheers, and resulted in the nomination of Straight-Out Democrat A. O. Bolon.

The logic of all this is that they ex-

pect Mr. Hardy to become an independ-

ent candidate in the interest of the Dem-

ocrats, and that the Dem-

ocrats will support Bolon and the Repub-

licans will split up between Dodd and

Hardy. This is not a very modest

expectation, but it has got into the Dem-

ocratic cranium, just the same.

There is nothing equal to it except Grover Cleveland's expectation that Presi-

dent Dole would relinquish the provi-

onal Hawaiian government as soon as

Minister Willis should show him Grover's picture.

Something of the enthusiasm that

pervades the average Democratic breast

may be figured out of the fact that the

great Democratic district, the Tenth,

that Webber once thought he owned,

was not represented in the convention

and Mr. Webber himself was conspicu-

ously absent.

There were a great many amusing

things in the proceedings, of which a

few are worthy of note.

After the judge, the clerk and the

sheriff had been nominated from Decatur M. R. Kizer, a delegate from Niantic,

arose and very deliberately and sarcas-

tically said: "If you have any more can-

MOTHER AND DAUGHTER.

Bishop-Nicholson Trouble Again Up in Court.

The noted case of Mrs. Docia Bishop vs. Mrs. Leota Nicholson is now engaging the attention of Judge Vail in the circuit court. The argument of the attorneys is on the demurrer to the bill recently filed by Mrs. Bishop against her daughter, Miles Bros. represent Mrs. Bishop and I. D. Walker and C. C. Lefort appear for Mrs. Bishop.

It will be recalled that in the first bill filed by Mrs. Nicholson against her mother which opened the litigation it was represented that in the sale of property, the signing of deeds and the destruction of a note for \$3,000, Mrs. Bishop, the mother, became possessed of property worth at least \$15,000, which was alleged rightfully belonged to the daughter.

These transactions were effected before the marriage of the daughter to Mr. Nicholson. After the filing of the bill mutual friends interposed and brought about a settlement of the litiga-

tion which at the time was regarded as satisfactory to all parties in interest.

And it was thought that the pleasant family relations, which had been broken off in the suit, had been resumed.

But in a few months Mrs. Bishop filed her bill demanding that the settlement effected by the compromise or agree-ment be set aside. This is the suit now pending in court.

The outcome will be watched with considerable interest by the public who are more or less familiar with the pecu- liar complications in the case.

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